

ORF 201  
COMPUTER METHODS FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

Lecture 7  
Searching



# Hints on Java Applets

Edit `/u/yourname/.login` and set `umask` to `022`.

Copy `/u/orf201/lab1/.rhosts` to `/u/yourname`.

Create a directory `/u/yourname/public_html/JAVA/myutil`.

Copy all files in `/u/orf201/public_html/JAVA/myutil` to your `myutil` directory.

Do with `ccj` as you did above with `myutil`.

Use `chmod` to set permissions on `/u/yourname`, `/u/yourname/public_html`, and *every directory thereunder* to `drwxr-xr-x`.

Use `chmod` to set permissions on every file in `/u/yourname/public_html` and *in every directory thereunder* to `-rw-r--r--`.

Check `CLASSPATH` by typing `echo $CLASSPATH`. If it doesn't start out with `./u/yourname/public_html/JAVA`, edit `.cshrc` to correct the problem.

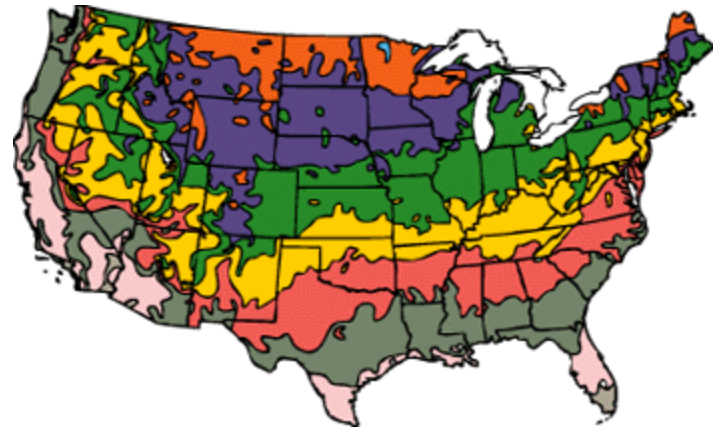
Edit `clock.html`, `gravity.html`, etc., and set `codebase` to `"../.."`.

# Zip Code Finder

Given a file `ziplatlon.dat`:

```
27814
01000      42.377      72.522
01013      42.143      72.612
01100      42.100      72.588
01201      42.447      73.253
01220      42.625      73.117
01222      42.105      73.331
01223      42.355      73.129
01224      42.521      73.240
01224      42.556      73.153
.
.
.
99362      46.070      118.330
99363      46.076      118.355
99371      46.755      118.313
99401      46.392      117.061
99402      46.338      117.045
99403      46.392      117.061
99995      43.710      79.220
99996      43.230      79.950
99997      43.090      79.260
99998      43.260      83.000
```

Write a program that prompts for a zip code and then shows it on a map of the US.



# Start with Two Classes:

*Class Zip -- to Hold Zipcode Data*

```
class Zip
{
    int zip;
    double lat;
    double lon;
    double x;    // x-coordinate in azimuthal projection
    double y;    // y-coordinate in azimuthal projection
}
```

*Class Zipfinder -- to hold the Program*

```
public class ZipFinder extends Frame
{
    /* Class-global variables */
    static int n;
    static Zip[] zips;

    public static void main(String[] args)
    { /* details later */
    }

    public void paint (Graphics g)
    { /* details later */
    }

    /* some other methods:  details later */
}
```

# Class ZipFinder needs a main ()

```
public static void main(String[] args)
{
    int i, zip, record_num;

    // Read in data. (TEDIOUS)
    BufferedReader in;
    try {
        in = new BufferedReader(new FileReader("ziplatlon.dat"));
    }
    catch (FileNotFoundException fe) {
        System.out.println("File not found");
        return;
    }
    n = FileIO.readInt(in);
    zips = new Zip[n];
    for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
        if (i%500 == 0) {System.out.println(i)};
        zips[i] = new Zip();
        zips[i].zip = FileIO.readInt(in);
        zips[i].lat = FileIO.readDouble(in);
        zips[i].lon = -FileIO.readDouble(in);
    }
    azimuthal(); // compute (x,y) coords in azimuthal proj

    // Open graphics window
    ZipFinder bs = new ZipFinder();
    bs.resize(800,800);
    bs.show();
}
```

# Most of the Work is in paint ()

```
public void paint (Graphics g)
{
    int i, zip, j;
    double minx, maxx, miny, maxy, mid;

    /* compute minx, maxx, miny, maxy:  details later */

    GL.ginit(g, size().width, size().height, this, false);
    GL.ortho2(minx, maxx, miny, maxy);

    /*****
     * Show all the points in red on black background*/

    GL.color(Color.black);
    GL.clear();

    GL.color(Color.red);
    for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
        GL.pnt2(zips[i].x, zips[i].y);
    }
}
```

We're not done. The best is yet to come. See next page...

# Here's the Real Work

```

/*****
 * Prompt user for a zip. Highlight it on the screen */

GL.color(Color.yellow);
while (true) {
    zip = Console.in.readInt("Enter a zip: ");
    if (zip < 0) break;

    /* use only one of the following search methods */
    // j = bruteforce( zip, zips );
    j = binsearch( zip, zips );

    if (j >= 0 ) {
        GL.pnt2(zips[j].x, zips[j].y);
        GL.drawString("HERE", zips[j].x, zips[j].y,
                     "CENTER", "BOTTOM");
    } else {
        Console.out.println("Not found");
    }
}
}

```

# What is brutesearch () ?

```
static int brutesearch(  
    int w,      // item sought  
    Zip[] v     // array of zips  
)  
{  
    int i;  
  
    for (i=0; i<n; i++) {  
        if (w == v[i].zip) {  
            return i;      // found it  
        }  
    }  
    return -1;           // not found  
}
```

Requires on average  $n/2$  iterations if item is present.

Requires  $n$  iterations if item is absent.

# What is `binsearch()` ?

Requires data  
(i.e., zipcodes)  
to be sorted.

```
static int binsearch(  
    int w, // item sought  
    Zip[] v // array of zips  
)  
{  
    int low, high, mid;  
  
    low = 0; high = n-1;  
    while (low <= high) {  
        mid = (low+high)/2;  
        if ( w < v[mid].zip) {  
            high = mid - 1; // in lower half  
        } else if (w > v[mid].zip) {  
            low = mid + 1; // in upper half  
        } else {  
            return mid; // found it  
        }  
    }  
    return -1 // not found  
}
```

Requires only  $\log_2(n)$  iterations.  
 $\log_2(27000) \approx 15$ .

# Odds and Ends

## *Computing minx, maxx, etc.*

```
maxy = -1000; miny = 1000;
maxx = -1000; minx = 1000;
for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
    if (zips[i].y > maxy) maxy = zips[i].y;
    if (zips[i].y < miny) miny = zips[i].y;
}
for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
    if (zips[i].x > maxx) maxx = zips[i].x;
    if (zips[i].x < minx) minx = zips[i].x;
}
maxx = maxx + 0.05 * (maxx - minx);
minx = minx - 0.05 * (maxx - minx);
maxy = maxy + 0.05 * (maxy - miny);
miny = miny - 0.05 * (maxy - miny);

if (maxx - minx > maxy - miny) {
    mid = (miny + maxy)/2;
    maxy = mid + (maxx - minx)/2;
    miny = mid - (maxx - minx)/2;
} else {
    mid = (minx + maxx)/2;
    maxx = mid + (maxy - miny)/2;
    minx = mid - (maxy - miny)/2;
}
```

## *Imports:*

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.text.*;
import java.io.*;
import myutil.*;
import ccj.*;
```

## **Azimuthal ()**

Lots of trigonometry -  
see online source listing.